

AUSTRALIANS LAUD AMERICANS

"I Never Saw a Keener Bunch," Says Staff Officer—Begged to Get in Fight.

ALLIES WELDED CLOSER

"Oh, Baby, Some Fourth of July!" Cried Enthusiastic Doughboy.

(By Joseph W. Griggs.)
(Copyright, 1918, by the New York World.)

British Headquarters in France.—There has never been any doubt at the British front of the fighting qualities of America's troops, but there has grown up the conviction that the little, strong lads of Uncle Sam, who have been pouring into this part of the country for many weeks, would do just what they did on the Fourth of July, when they went over the top with the Australians between Villers-Bretonneux and the Somme and, by the capture of the village of Hamel and other strong positions, took the measure of a first class German division which was recently fattened up for the fray.

It was an Independence Day celebration which marks a new era in Anglo-American relations, and for the Germans it was an augury of what is to come from such an amalgamation.

Win Praise of British.

If any one thing can be the outstanding fact at last month's close, it is that the highest regard is felt and shown for the soldiers from across the seas who have filtered into the British zone and are now in the foremost fighting line. The doughboys and Tommies have become the truest friends and companions. On the glorious Fourth men from Australia and men from America's prairies, men from Melbourne and men from Chicago, fought and bled in the cause for the world's independence. I saw some of the wounded in the same ambulances on their way to the field hospitals. They were smoking cheerfully, and today, lying side by side, they are rehashing the events of their first victorious engagement together.

The officers of both armies are proud of their men's achievements. The wounded came down to the hospitals in ambulances which passed through streets bedecked with flags in honor of America's Independence Day.

As I told in these dispatches, all France seemed to break out in a blaze of color, with the Stars and Stripes flying beside the Union Jack and the Tricolor, and this decoration extended right up to the towns immediately back of the firing line. It was a strange sight to watch the faces of the German prisoners as they were marched in streams by the Americans and Australians through these gayly decorated towns. Captured German officers were looking quizzically at the smiling American officers as they were being taken further back of the fighting line.

Cheered Up the Main Lines.

In a quiet little town some distance behind the front lines the doughboys were told of the splendid fighting done by their compatriots and of the same army division.

"Oh, baby! Some Fourth of July!" shouted one jubilant fellow, and before any one could restrain him he grabbed his rifle and had his own celebration by firing a blank cartridge in the air, much to the delight of his comrades and to the alarm of the populace. He simply could not keep rein on his emotions. The American general, very proud of his boys, said to me:

"They are all fretting to get into it. I had not the slightest shadow of a

OUTBURSTS OF EVERETT TRUE

By Condo



doubt that those who got into it would make good in the first scrap."

Keen for a Fight.

"I never saw a keener bunch of fellows. They fought magnificently," was the wholehearted verdict of an Australian staff officer who gave me details of the engagement. "I was told by some American officers that sergeants of the companies unable to participate in the fight offered to be reduced to the ranks if they could only get into the fight."

As soon as the Americans appeared in the front line Australian trenches, a few days before the Fourth, it was immediately conjectured that probably there would be an attack against the Germans on America's Independence Day, and the Australian men were not backward in arguing that they would like nothing better than to celebrate the day by taking a wallop at the Germans with a lot of husky Yankees. When it became definitely known that they would chaperon the Americans in their first attack on this front, the hour of attack was impatiently awaited. The operation was highly successful and a complete surprise to the Germans.

Very effective work was done with tanks. More than forty took part in the main attack, and all returned safely despite the Germans' attempts to knock some of them out with phosphorus shells, which adhere to any object they hit but are unable to cause any damage to the thick tank skins. Although somewhat surprised to find Americans among their captors, the German prisoners said they were well aware that the front and had the reputation of being ferocious. Evidently from what they said this is a form of German propaganda well advertised to

make the German soldiers unwilling to be taken prisoners by them.

I saw a big penful of these prisoners. Many of them spoke of the prevalence of Spanish fever among many regiments. They said that one company of this division was only thirty-six strong, another forty-five, and others were invalidated on account of the fever.

The short time the Americans have been associated with the Australians there has grown up a comradely distinct in character. An Australian staff officer told me today laughingly that near a certain regimental headquarters there was so much good natured rivalry that it had to be soft pedaled. The Australians have now made twenty-three distinct operations against the Germans since April, capturing nearly 4,000 prisoners and 450 machine guns.

WALLACE HAGGARD GOES TO PLATTSBURG CAMP

Now a Student at Virginia Military Institute, Being Sent There by McCallie School.

(Special to The News.)

Dayton, July 10.—Wallace C. Haggard, son of A. P. Haggard, president of the American National bank of Dayton, will attend the Plattsburg officers' training camp, located near New York city, for a period of sixty days this summer.

Young Haggard is a student at V. M. I., being one of the two sent there by McCallie school of Chattanooga for special military training, and expected to return at the beginning of the school this fall.

His father received a letter from him Monday informing him he had been selected with four other students and one of the faculty to attend the training camp for a term of sixty days, the plan being for these young men to act as instructors in military training at some college next term. After conferring with Prof. McCallie, Mr. Haggard wired Wallace to except. Young Haggard will leave for Plattsburg on July 18.

GROCERY COMPANY PAYS \$1,500 TO RED CROSS

(International News Service.)
Washington, July 10.—The A. Erlich Brothers, a grocery company of Savannah, Ga., has paid \$1,500 to the Red Cross in lieu of other penalties for making excess profits on flour and selling no substituted food administration announced today.

SHE WAS DYING OF PELLAGRA

Texas Woman Was on Death-bed and Doctor Said There Was No Hope.

TOOK BAUGHN TREATMENT

Soon Got Better—No Symptoms Have Returned.

Mrs. H. U. McCrary, Bardswell, Tex., writes: "In the spring of 1915 I was taken with Pellagra. My doctor said there was no hope. By then I could not leave my bed any. I heard of Baughn's Pellagra treatment and sent for it. After two or three days I began to get better and continued to get better until I got well. I am sure I would have been in my grave today if I had not got it, and no symptoms have returned. The symptoms—hands red like sunburn, skin peeling off, sore mouth, the lips, throat and tongue a flaming red with much mucus and choking; indigestion and nausea; either diarrhoea or constipation. If you have Pellagra you can be cured by Baughn's Pellagra treatment. Get big free book on Pellagra. Address: American Compounding Co., Box 2025, Jasper, Ala. Remember, the money is refunded in any case where the treatment fails to cure." (Ad.)

KAISERIN AVOIDED WRITING ON PEACE

She Sent No Reply to Mme. de Jong's Missive, but German Diplomat Did.

(By Cyril Brown.)
(Copyright, 1918, by the New York World.)

The Hague.—The German Empress sent no peace letter. The pacifist Mme. de Jong, president of the Mothers' Club at The Hague, who must not be confused with Mme. de Jonge, wife of the war minister, last May sent letters of appeal to the wives of all the belligerent countries, including the German Empress, to use their influence to end the war.

The Germans were quick to see the propaganda value of the move without exposing the empress to controversial home criticism for peace intriguing, and accordingly Mme. de Jong received a propaganda reply, not from the empress personally, but through the German consulate at Rotterdam, signed by the Acting German Consul, guardedly reading:

Adroit Use Made of Letter.

"In your letter to her majesty, referring to the great sufferings which the present state of war imposes on the peoples, you begged her majesty to use her influence to bring about an early and lasting peace. According to my instructions I have the honor to express special thanks for the letter to her majesty. At the same time, referring to the contents of the letter, I may go on record and state that the Kaiser's government has repeatedly and in an unmistakable way made known its peace readiness, but that the powers at war with Germany and her allies did not go in for it."

Copies of the propaganda letter were sent by the German consulate to the principal Dutch newspapers and news agencies.

More details have been received here of the Kaiser's recent trip through the devastated zone of France. Karl Rosner, of the Berlin Lokal-Anzeiger, the imperial press agent, writes of it: "The impressions of the dead cities in the Ailette region, the murdered spirits; they won't leave us. In the evening the conversation again turns to the experiences of this motor trip. Every one of us knows that all these annihilated regions might still be blooming if the French had not closed their hearts to the Kaiser's peace offer."

Kaiser Pleads for Old Caste.

"The conversation turns to Coucy-le-Chateau. The Kaiser speaks of those days at the beginning of last year when his consent was asked to dynamite the towers and battlements of the old castle there. Coucy in response with the projected evacuation of the ground in front of the Siegfried line."

"The Kaiser told how he strove against the thought of destroying the old, proud edifice, a monument to France's sunken days of chivalry; how again and again he pondered the question of whether it was not possible to preserve this monument for the French, until his military advisers pointed out that these high towers in the enemy's hands would menace, perhaps cost, the lives of hundreds of German men."

"Therewith his decision to approve the dynamiting of the towers of Coucy-le-Chateau was naturally made. The Kaiser said: 'Would the French have done otherwise to us? The protection of his fighting men is the highest law for their leader, and there is no building which is justified in sparing when it is a question of keeping them from danger and death men who fight for the fatherland and are staking their lives.'"

GOV. RYE WILL BE IN DAYTON AT EARLY DAY

(Special to The News.)

Dayton, July 10.—Gov. Tom C. Rye, candidate for United States senate, will come to Dayton July 12 on No. 2. A meeting of 100 men of the community will meet the train and take Gov. Rye to the courthouse, where he will speak at 2 o'clock. A large crowd is expected to be there to hear him speak.

E. M. Williamson is manager of the campaign in Rhea county.

WAR REVENUE BILL WILL DOUBLE TAX LEVY

(International News Service.)
Washington, July 10.—In writing the new revenue bill the house ways and means committee will, in so far as possible, double the taxes levied in the last revenue bill, it was stated on high authority today.

The last revenue bill returned something over \$4,000,000,000. The new measure must produce \$8,000,000,000. Some of the taxes it will be impossible to double. Income and excess profits taxes running up to 60 per cent, and higher obviously cannot be doubled. They will be radically increased, however.

Luxury taxes will be levied to make up the amounts lost on commodities whose present taxes cannot be increased. The luxury list sent by the treasury department to the committee, probably will be disregarded, members said today. Some of the suggestions it contained were already in the minds of some committee members, however, and they will be followed.

The committee had reached few definite conclusions on specific problems today. It had decided:

That taxes on tobacco must at least be doubled; that no taxes shall be levied on oil or sugar.

That taxes ranging from 10 to 20 per cent on the purchase price of automobiles must be set.

Costing more than \$40, probably will be taxed up to 20 per cent. Costs at more than \$50 will be taxed on the same basis. Taxes on jewelry probably will range up to 50 per cent, with perhaps a 500 per cent. tax on the platinum sorts.

The committee has not yet considered wheat, cotton or lumber as possible sources of revenue. The bill will come in for consideration later.

CIRCUS AGENT PROFITS IN TAX ON ALL AMUSEMENTS

(International News Service.)
Salina, Kan.—Carnivals in Salina are a thing of the past, following the passage of an ordinance by the city council which excludes all amusement companies. Only circus parades and exhibitions are allowed. A heavy license is imposed on all amusements except a fee of \$75 for the circus parade. Shortly after the passage of the ordinance the advance agent of Barnum & Bailey came along. He figured it would cost his show \$800 to show here. There is no lot in town big enough to accommodate the show, so he had to secure a lot just outside the city limits. By paying the \$75 parade fee he escaped all tax and license fees.

AMERICA'S ROLL OF HONOR

Today's Casualty Lists Includes 108 Names—23 Killed in Action, 17 Died of Wounds, 47 Wounded, 12 Missing, 2 Prisoners—The List Contains 1 Tennessean, 3 Alabamians and 1 Georgian.

(International News Service.)

Washington, July 10.—One hundred and three casualties in the American expeditionary forces were announced today by the war department, divided as follows: Twenty-one killed in action, fifteen died from wounds, four died from disease, three from accident and other causes, forty-five wounded severely, one wounded slightly, twelve missing in action and two taken prisoners.

Five casualties in the marines attached to the American expeditionary forces were announced today at marine corps headquarters, divided as follows: Two killed in action, two died from wounds received in action and one wounded severely in action.

Officers named in the army casualty list were:

Killed in Action.
Lieutenant—William Chandler Peterson, North Crystal Lake, Ill.

Wounded Severely.
Captains—Charles E. Speer, North Charles street, Baltimore, Md.; Joseph F. Williamson, Sebastopol, Cal.; Lieutenant—James J. Sheeran, Sebastopol, Cal.

Missing in Action.

Lieutenants—Arthur Tilgham, Houston, Tex.; Jay J. Carpenter, Rochelle, Ill.

Prisoner.

Lieutenant—Harold Gile, Colorado Springs, Col.

The army casualty list follows:

Killed in Action.
Lieutenant—William Chandler Peterson, North Crystal Lake, Ill.

Sergeant—James T. Mason, Huntsville, Ala.

Corporals—Henry O. Diller, Pittsburg, Pa.; William P. Gallagher, Lima, O.; Christopher Alexander Mohr, Jr., Hoboken, N. J.

Privates—Henry J. Allman, Lanare, Cal.; Joseph J. Breton, Holyoke, Mass.; Antonio Camato, Naples, Italy; Frank G. Doucette, Bangor, Mont.; Ashby J. Downey, Rosnoke Rapids, N. C.; George Dvorak, St. Louis, Mo.; Joseph Gugulio, Messina, Italy; Clarence E. Harris, Springfield, O.; Stanley Kobzinski, South Bend, Ind.; Elzie Hubert More, Chicago, Ill.; Donald Munro, Back Stornaway, Scotland; Clifton Elmer Ogier, Menlo, and Jasper Winfield Thomson, Newbern, N. C.; Henry Elmer Watkins, East Jordan, Mich.; Pliny M. Weber, Lancaster, O.; Oscar L. Woods, Goal Valley, Ala.

Died From Wounds.

Sergeants—Charles F. Davis, Bonne Terre, Mo.; Edgar Downey, Sidell, Ky.; Edison Miller, Delaware, O.

Corporal—Isaac V. Boursaw, Gros-cap, Mich.

Privates—John Butero, Indiana, Pa.; John Earl Carpenter, Ridgeville, Ind.; Harry Levan, Philadelphia, Pa.; Antonio Lozzi, Veto Reta, Italy; Lauren J. Massion, Lynn, Mass.; Richard Joseph Mullen, New York, N. Y.; John Ostrowski, Grand Rapids, Mich.; Edward J. Stutz, Buffalo, N. Y.; Oscar F. Taxton, Slaughter, La.; Melville O. Talley, Snyder, Tex.; Domenico Togniotti, Elko, Nev.

Died of Disease.

Privates—Gussey Canipe, Cherryville, N. C.; Harry Daly, Charlotte, N. C.; Patrick Hearn, New York, N. Y.; Ben Johnson, Kansas City, Kan.

Died From Accident and Other Causes.

Cook Charles Louis Emrich, Pittsburg, Pa.

Wagoner Floyd Hollenberger, Plymouth, Wis.

(No rank) Melvin Martin Carr, Elkhorn, Wis.

Wounded Severely.

Captains—Charles E. Speer, Balti-

more, Md.; Jos. F. Williamson, Sebastopol, Cal.

Lieutenants—James J. Sheeran, Chicago, Ill.; Arthur Tilgham, Houston, Texas.

Sergeants—Percy Alexander, Forest, West Carroll county, La.; Forest, Concordia county, La.; Elder B. Hacker, Dallas, Tex.; Arthur Harris, Mason City, Iowa.

Corporals—Harvey Edmund Adams, Roachdale, Ind.; John E. Gleason, Waverly, N. Y.; Wm. F. Hoop, Ellettsburg, Pa.; Bertram Aaron Turner, Paducah, Ky.; John R. Wilson, New Castle, Pa.; Joseph Wolski, Chicago, Ill.

Cook Stephen Weneck, Chicago, Ill.

Privates—Winston Arant, Mountain Creek, Ala.; Jack Atherton, Urbana, O.; Paul M. Baldyga, Easthampton, Mass.; Henry W. Barnes, Steubenville, O.; Michael Bayer, Cleveland, O.; Luther Bradley, Morriston, Ark.; Levi H. Cooper, Hilliard, Mo.; Clyde W. Day, Somerville, Tenn.; Prosper de Les, South Bend, Ind.; John T. Elrod, Otway, O.; Jos. B. Freedman, Boston, Mass.; Charles D. Fulton, Boise, Idaho; Albert L. Harie, Boise, Idaho; Ernest Harris, Thompsonville, Ill.; Chas. Jewell, Centerville, Mont.; Howard Karkia, Butte, Mont.; Robert H. Koppenhaver, Gilbert, Iowa; Geo. O. Lindblad, Moose Lake, Minn.; Clement F. Noonan, Crosby, N. D.; Elmer Nurbau, Wakarusa, Ind.; John Oscar Pearson, Elyria, O.; Berat Polaski, Detroit, Mich.; Sam Sallara, Sunnyside, Utah; Bradley A. Sego, Krupp, Ky.; Jim Sienkewicz, Phillipsburg, N. J.; Joseph A. Sisket, Omaha, Neb.; Chas. A. Spencer, Campbell, N. C.; Herbert Dewitt Stanley, Ochopee, Ga.; Elijah Todd, Astichson, Kan.; Richard Peter Werner, Pittsburg, Pa.; Christ W. Zarnescu, Dysart, Sask., Canada.

Wounded Slightly.

Private Felice Barbieri, St. Louis, Mo.

Missing in Action.

Lieutenant Jay I. Carpenter, Rochelle, Illinois.

Privates—Mathew Casey, New York, N. Y.; Alva N. Graves, Akron, Col.; Wm. McCary, Elmira Heights, N. Y.; Robert S. Rankin, South Boise, Idaho; Gugulio, Messina, Italy; Chas. E. Wm. Howard Stewart, Elkins, W. Va.; Aydel Stick, Volinash, Russia; Tony Tocel, Brooklyn, N. Y.; Phillip P. Warfield, Sunbury, Pa.; John L. Wilson, Urica, N. Y.; Hyman Wolfe, Chelsea, Mass.

Prisoners.

Lieutenant Harold Gile, Colorado Springs, Col.

Private James E. Morton, Hamilton, Ontario, Canada.

Prisoners (Previously Reported Missing).

Corporal Frederick R. Hyde, Chester, Vt.

Privates—Burnett A. Herdman, Middletown, Conn.; Michael J. McDermott, New Haven, Conn.; Edward J. McGrath, New Bedford, Mass.; Chas. B. Reese, Nova Scotia, Canada.

Marine Casualties.

The marine casualty list follows:

Killed in Action.

Privates—Adrian J. Michels, Milwaukee, Wis., and Wm. J. Walker, Chicago, Ill.

Died of Wounds.

Gunnery Sergeant—Alcide N. St. John, Chippewa Falls, Mass.

Private Donald M. Blankenship, Rome, Ga.

Previously reported killed in action, now reported present for duty: Private Ivan C. Walker, Rockford, Ill.

Previously reported killed in action, now reported seriously wounded: Private George E. Michael, Dalmatia, Pa.

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Trouble Is Gone Since He Took Tanlac.

Gained Thirty-Two Pounds on Tanlac—Improvement Is Amazing, He Says.

"I have already gained thirty-two pounds by taking Tanlac and now everybody is amazed at my wonderful recovery," is the remarkable statement made recently by W. D. Jones, foreman on the feed floor at the El Paso, Tex., smelter.

"About eight months ago," he continued, "I was taken down with what was pronounced malaria. Then my stomach got in a terrible fix and what little I forced myself to eat seemed to form into lumps. I have gone as long as three days without eating anything but one glass of milk. I developed a frightful case of rheumatism in my arms, neck and shoulders, and though I tried everything I could hear of, I kept getting worse until I was absolutely helpless. I don't believe I slept an average of more than three hours out of twenty-four and then the sleep I got didn't rest me."

"I dropped down from one hundred and sixty pounds to one hundred and eight—just a frame of skin and bones. I had spent over two hundred dollars for treatments, but kept on going down hill. Well, sir, a friend of mine recommended Tanlac, and after taking six bottles of it I feel like a new man. I have actually gone up to one hundred and forty pounds, and I am gaining every day. I can eat just anything I want and have a dandy appetite. Nothing hurts me any more, and I don't know of any better way to show my appreciation for my relief than to tell others how Tanlac has helped me."

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Says It Cured Him of Indigestion and Stomach Trouble of Years' Standing. Was All Run Down. Now Feels Fine.

I. L. Ray, soft drink manufacturer, of 230 N. 53rd st., Woodlawn, Birmingham, Ala., who had felt just like you and hundreds of others feel right now, tells of the wonderful results he has obtained from taking Vin Hepatica.

"I had been suffering from indigestion and sour stomach for years. My system was all run down. Would get up every morning with a headache, dull feeling and bad taste in my mouth."

"After taking a bottle of Vin Hepatica I now get up feeling fine and

do not have indigestion any more. Anyone needing a real tonic should take Vin Hepatica. I certainly recommend it and am also giving it to my wife."

Just such testimony as this comes in from every quarter. Vin Hepatica is truly a wonderful remedy. Come in, get a bottle and try it on our recommendation.

Jo Anderson's Drug Store,
Chattanooga, Tenn.

—(Adv.)

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